

National Ambulance Data

Demand, Response and Hospital Handover Data to the end of December 2024

New this month: snapshot of key statistics plus new hospital turnaround-time data

Final Draft. Published – January 23rd 2025

2. Key Statistics for December 2024



This new page provides a simplified snapshot of key ambulance statistics for the most recent month. The next page gives the established summary of findings by section, as seen in previous reports.

Definitions: "Key Statistic" = main finding for most recent month. "Direction" = direction of trend from previous month. "Rank" = most recent month's position in series (usually 83 months).



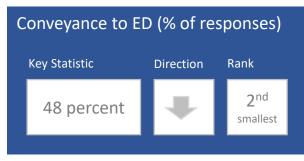


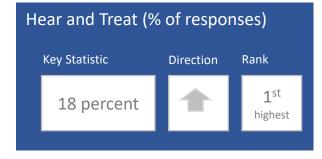




















3. Summary and Contents



Overview: Demand increased, with call volumes reaching some of the highest numbers to-date, and more incidents logged than any other month on record. Response times increased, but for the most serious categories of incident this increase was not dramatic. Despite the increased demand, the proportion of patients conveyed by ambulance to hospital was the lowest to-date, while Hear-and-Treat responses reached the highest proportion. Handovers taking longer than 15-minutes hit record levels, with 23-years' worth of time - the equivalent to over a quarter of the month's face-to-face job cycles - lost as a result.

Section 1.

Contact Volume and Call Answer Time



Section 2.

Incidents and Response Time, by Category



Section 3.

Incidents by Response Outcome



Section 4.

Turnaround Time and Handover Delays



- Contacts increased with the number of 999-calls-answered reaching the seventh highest volume to-date both across the month, and for the average daily volume.
- Despite this increase in demand, call answer time remained steady. The mean increased by one second to seven seconds, and remains well below the series average of 17-seconds.
- December saw the highest volume of incidents on record at 806-thousand. Category-1 recorded the second highest number to-date and accounted for 11.5-percent of incidents. Category-2 saw the greatest number of incidents for any December since before the pandemic.
- All mean response times slowed, Category-1 by two-seconds and Category-2 by five minutes.
- The number of patients conveyed by ambulance to an emergency department increased but as a share of responses, this outcome dropped to 48-percent, the lowest to-date.
- Hear-and-Treat responses continue to increase, and accounted for just under 18-percent in December, the highest to-date.
- Handover delays recorded some of the highest volumes to-date. There were more 15-minute-plus delays than any other month on record, while hour-plus delays were only exceeded by December 2022.
- The equivalent of 23-years worth of time was lost as a result of delays. This is the equivalent of over a quarter of face-to-face job cycles for the month, and exposed 53 thousand patients exposed to the additional harm.



Section 1

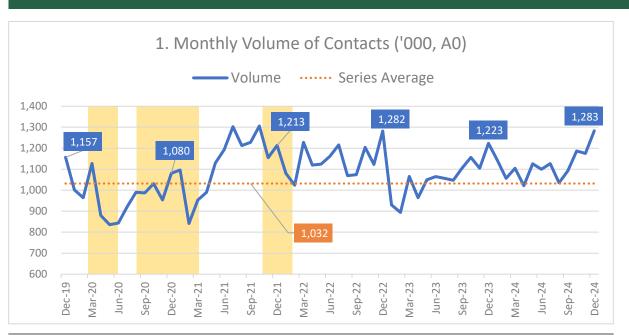
Contact Volume and Call Answer time

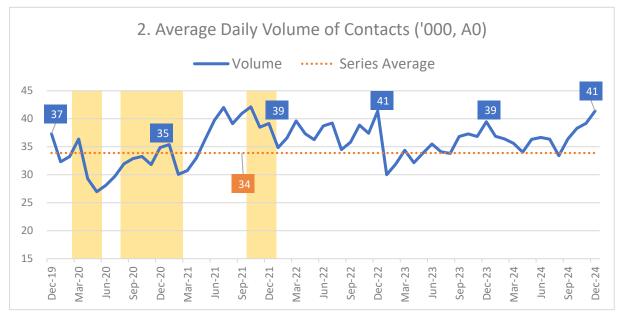
- <u>Demand: Volume of Contacts</u>
- Demand: Volume of 999 Calls Answered
- Demand: Call Answering Time
- Calls: Monthly Growth and Answer Time, Range

5. Demand: Volume of Contacts to Ambulance Control Rooms (Measure A0)



Contacts to ambulance control rooms reached the third highest volume to date in December 2024 with 1,283-thousand across the month and 41-thousand on-average every day.





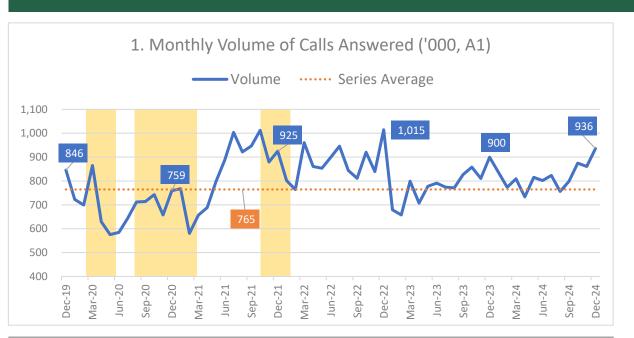
Rank in series to-date Change from Nov 2024 +108 thousand Change from Dec 2023 +60 thousand

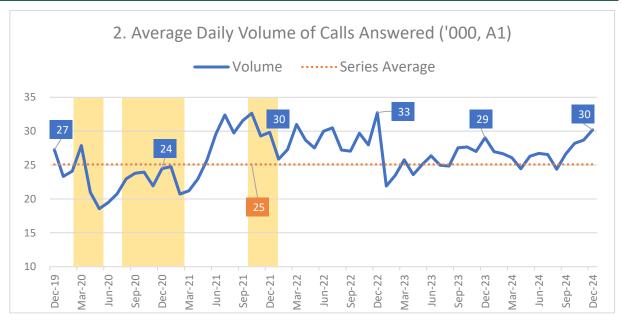


6. Demand: Volume of 999 Calls-Answered (Measure A1)



Volume of 999-calls-answered reached the seventh highest volume to-date, increasing by 75-thousand calls from November to reach 936-thousand across the month, and 30-thousand each day.





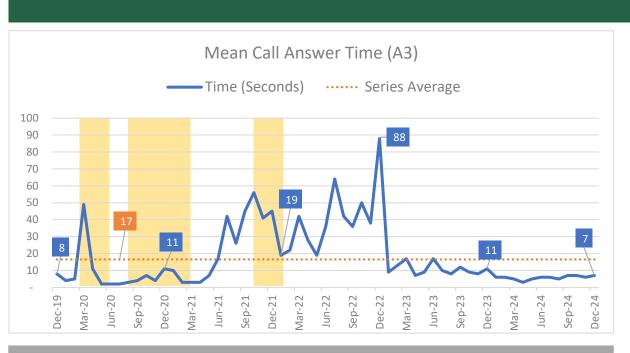
Rank in series to-date 7th highest Change from Nov 2024 +75 thousand Change from Dec 2023 +36 thousand

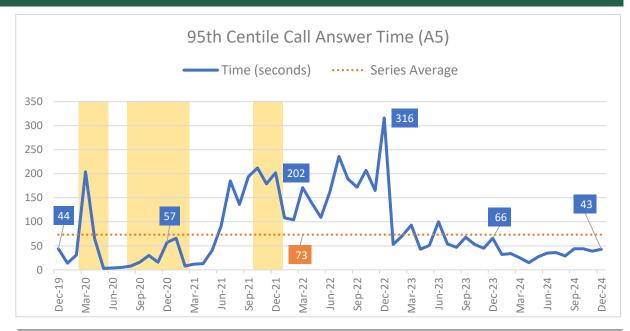


7. Demand: Call Answer Time (999, Measures A3 and A5)



Call answer-time slowed, but by just one-second for the mean and four seconds for the 95th centile.





Mean Call Answer Time for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 28th fastest Change from Nov 2024

1 sec slower

Change from Dec 2023

4 secs faster

95th Centile Answer Time for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

33rd fastest

Change from Nov 2024

4 secs slower

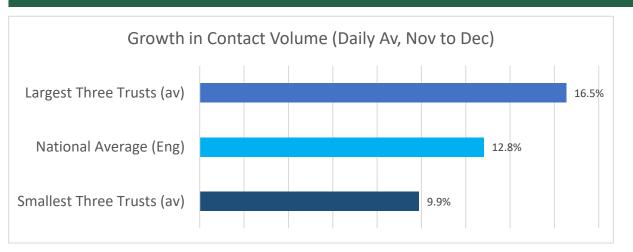
Change from Dec 2023

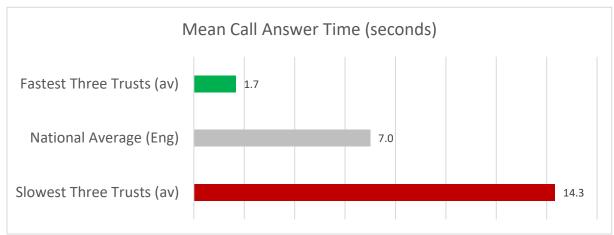
23 secs slower

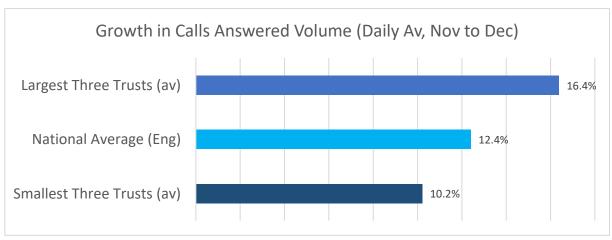
8. Calls: Average Daily Growth and Answer Time, Range - December 2024

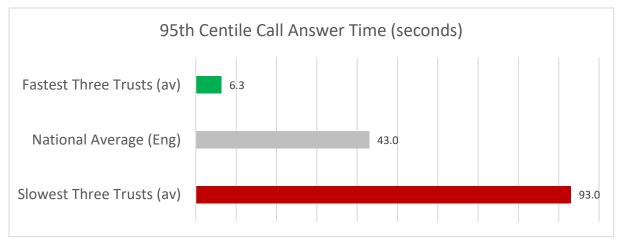


Growth in calls between November and December was around 12-percent for England, but for some trusts was as high as 16-percent. Answer-time varied between trusts, the fastest mean time averaged around two seconds for the fastest three, and over 14-seconds for the slowest three.









Notes: Fastest/ Slowest shows the average time from the fastest three, and slowest three trusts in England. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.



Section 2

Incidents and Response Time, by Category

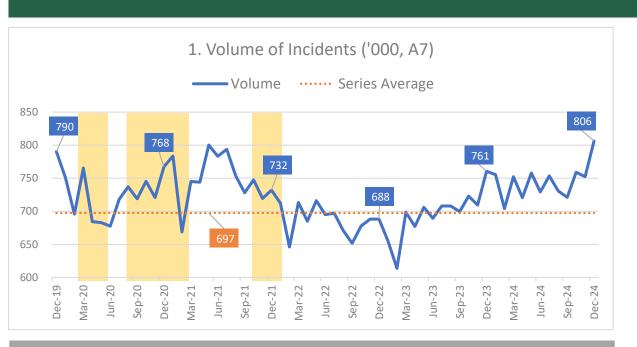
- Demand: All Incidents
- Share of Incidents by Category
- Share of Incidents, Range
- Monthly Growth in Incident Volumes, Range
- Demand: C1 Incidents
- Demand: C1T Incidents (NEW)
- Demand: C2 Incidents
- Demand: C3 Incidents
- Demand: C4 Incidents

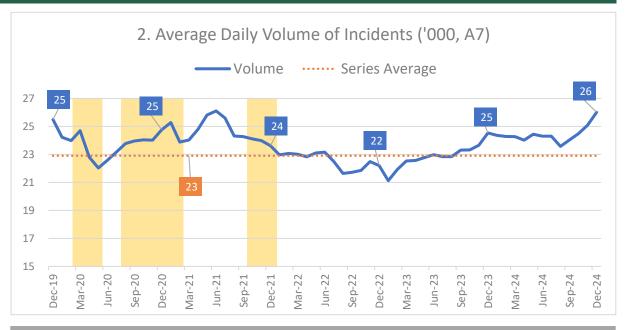
- Demand: S136 Incidents
- Demand: C1 Response Times
- Demand: C2 Response Times
- C1 and C2 Response Times, Range
- <u>Demand: C3 Response Times</u>
- Demand: C4 Response Times
- C3 and C4 Response Times, Range
- Demand: S136 Response Times

10. Demand: All Incidents (A7)



December 2024 saw the highest volume of incidents of any month on record (806-thousand) and the second highest average daily volume (26-thousand).





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date First

Change from Nov 2024

+54 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+45 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+1 thousand

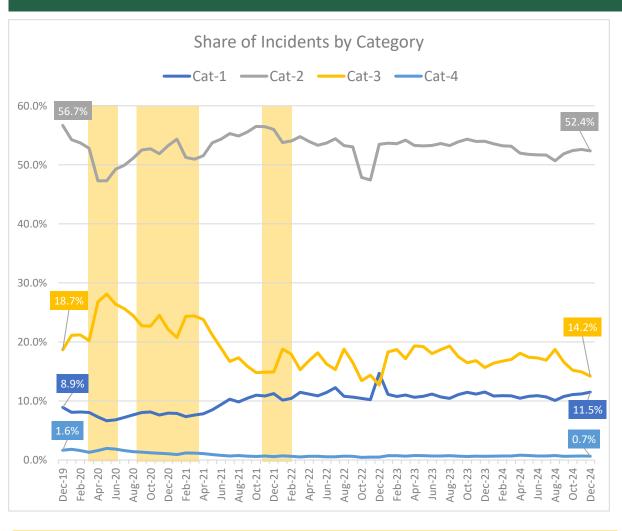
Change from Dec 2023

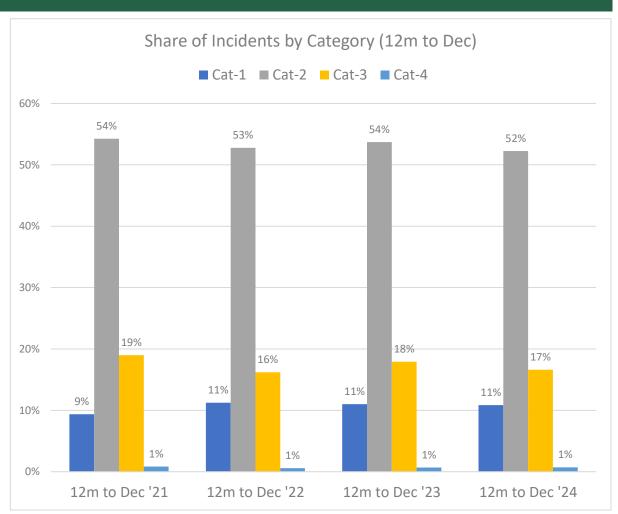
+1 thousand

11. Demand: Share of Incidents by Category



Between August and December 2024, Category-1 increased share of total incidents by over one percentage-point (to 11.5-percent), and Category-2 by nearly two percentage points (to 52.4-percent). By contrast, Category-3's share dropped by over four-percentage points (to 14.2 percent).



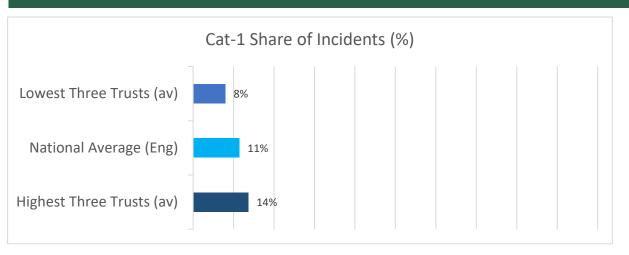


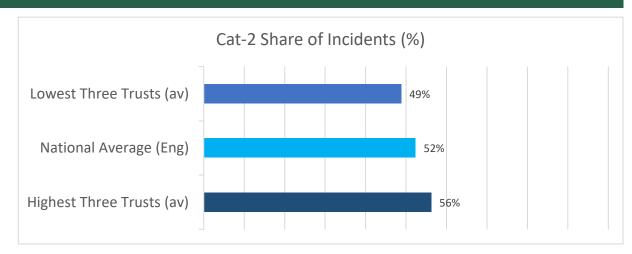
12. Share of Incidents, Range – December 2024

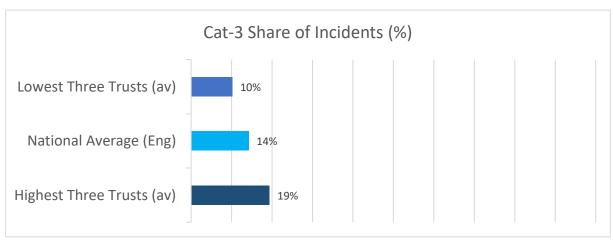


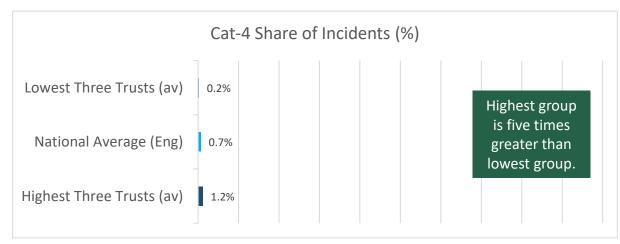
Share of incidents varies by trusts. Category-1 account for 14-percent for trusts at the higher-end of the range, Category-2 56-percent and Category-3 19-percent.

Category-4 is the smallest category, but has the greatest difference between trusts at either end of the range.







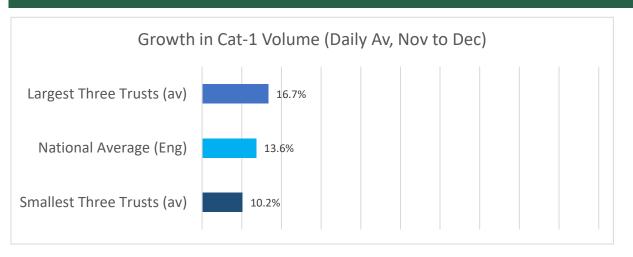


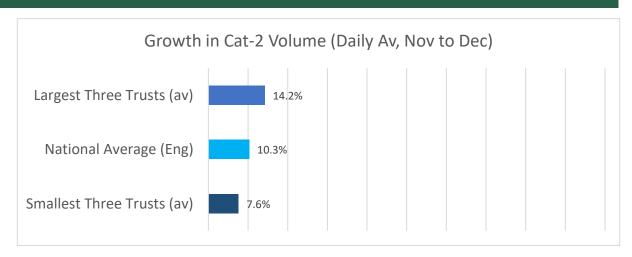
Notes: Highest/lowest shows the average share of incidents from the highest three, and lowest three trusts in England for each category. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.

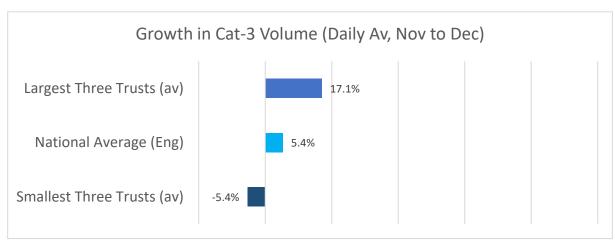
13. Growth in Average Daily Incident Volumes, Range - December 2024

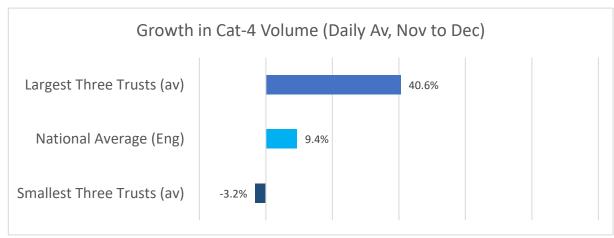


As seen in previous months, growth in incident volume varies by trusts – However, while Categories-1-and-2 both saw double digit growth for in most cases, Categories-3-and-4 saw contraction for trusts at the smaller end, and strong double digit growth for those at the higher (especially Category-4).







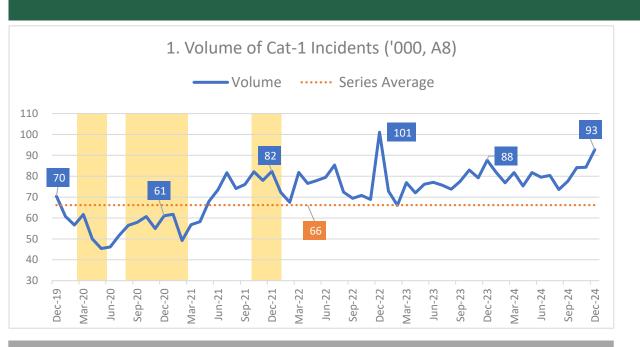


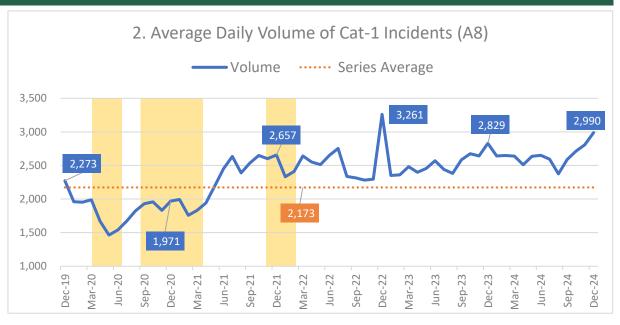
Notes: Highest/ lowest shows the average growth in incidents from the highest three, and lowest three trusts in England for each category. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.

14. Demand: Category-1 Incidents (A8)



In December 2024, Category-1 volume reached the second highest volume on record (at monthly, and daily level) with the highest volume being December 2022.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+8 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+5 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+181 incidents

Change from Dec 2023

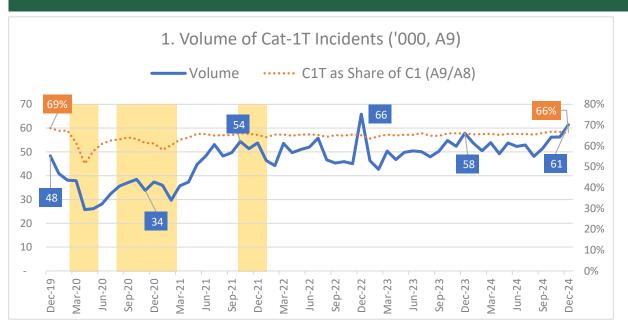
+161 incidents

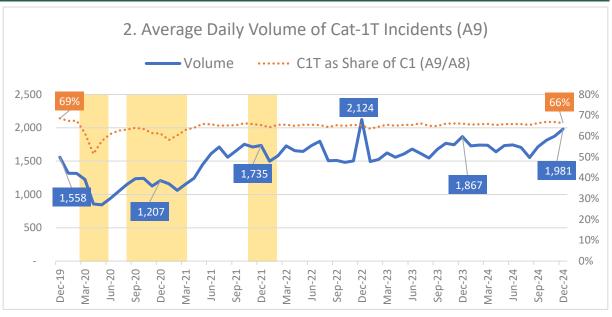


15. Demand: Category-1T Incidents (A9) (Cat-1 patients conveyed by an ambulance service emergency vehicle)



Category-1T incidents (Category-1 incidents where patients are conveyed) also reached the second highest volume – although the proportion of Category-1 these represents remained steady at 66-percent.





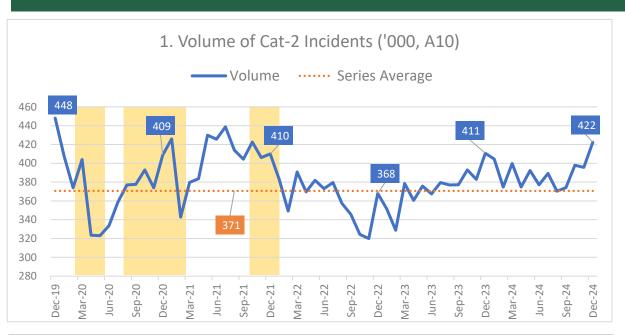
Rank in series to-date Change from Nov 2024 Poc 2023 Change from The property of the proper

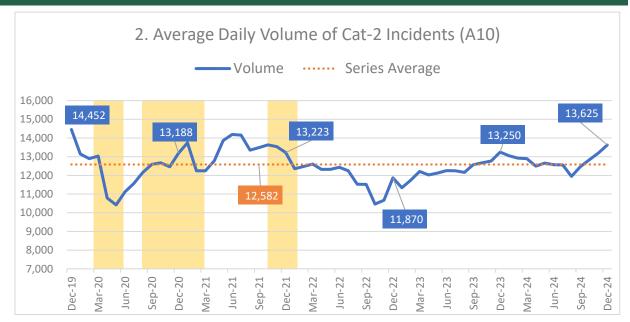


16. Demand: Category-2 Incidents (A10)



There were 27-thousand more Category-2 incidents across the month, totaling 422-thousand – the seventh highest monthly volume to date. The average daily number of incidents grew by 434-incidents to reach 14-thousand, the eight highest to-date.





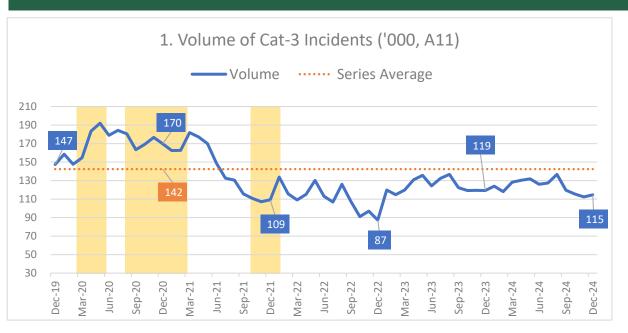
Rank in series to-date 7th highest Change from Nov 2024 +27 thousand Change from Dec 2023 +11 thousand

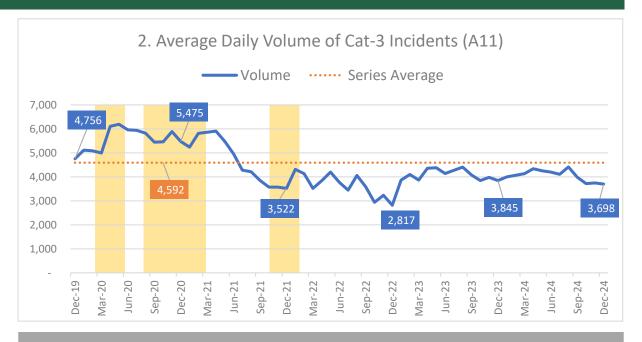


17. Demand: Category-3 Incidents (A11)



Category-3 incidents grew by two-thousand to reach 155-thousand across the month. However, the average daily figure contracted slightly with 49-fewer incidents each day compared with November (an average of 3,698 each day).





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date

72nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+2 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

-4 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

74th highest

Change from Nov 2024

-49 incidents

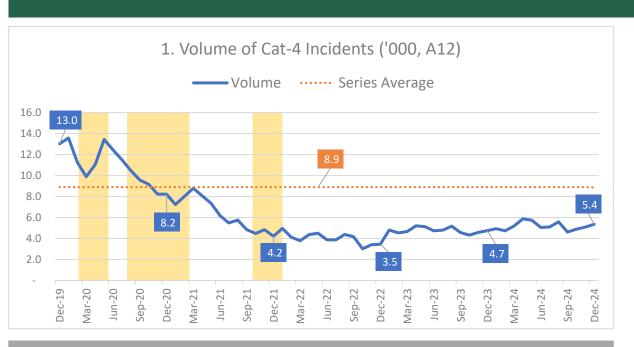
Change from Dec 2023

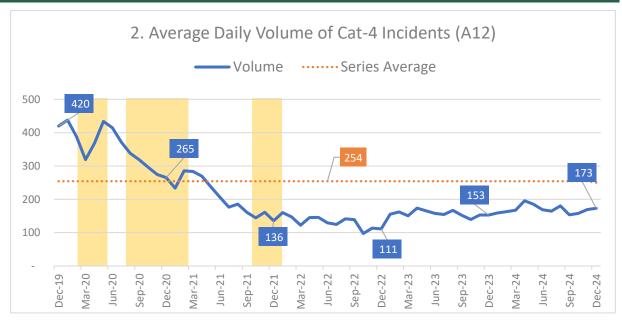
-148 incidents

18. Demand: Category-4 Incidents (A12)



Category-4 saw a slight increase from November's total, with 281-more incidents across the month, and an average of four more incidents each day.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 47th highest Change from Nov 2024

+281 incidents

Change from Dec 2023

+618 incidents

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

48th highest

Change from Nov 2024

+4 incidents

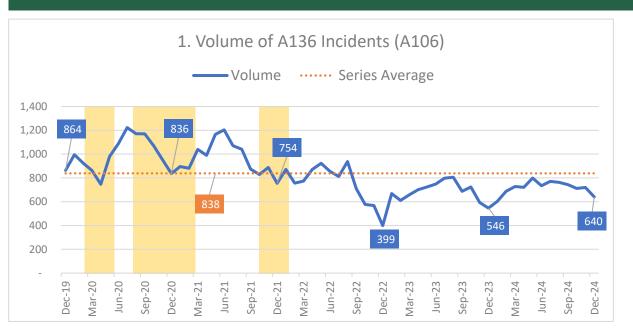
Change from Dec 2023

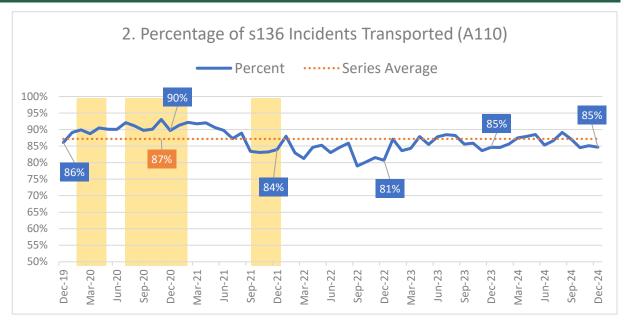
+20 incidents

19. Demand: Section 136 Incidents and Percent Transported (A106 and A110)



Section 136 incidents dipped between November and December with 80-fewer incidents across the month (but 94-more than December 2023). The proportion of these incidents conveyed by an ambulance dipped very slightly to reach 85-percent.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 62nd highest Change from Nov 2024

-80 incidents

Change from Dec 2023

+94 incidents

Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date

50th highest

Change from Nov 2024

-0.5 percent

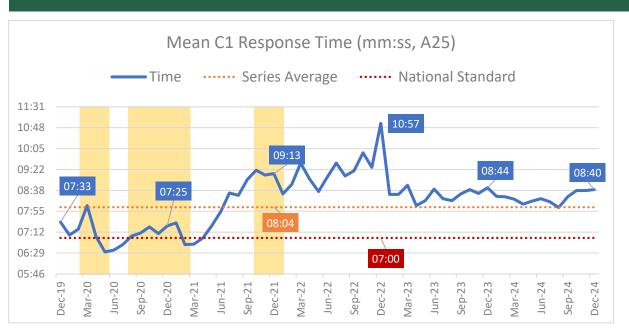
Change from Dec 2023

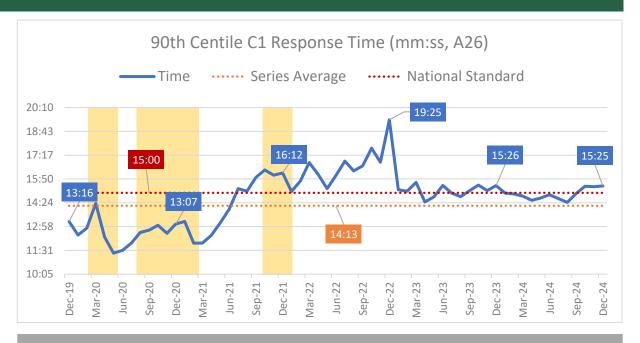
+0.1 percent

20. Demand: Category-1 Response Times (Measures A25 and A26)



Category-1 mean response time increased by two-seconds to reach eight-minutes 40-seconds. Although this well over one-minute slower than the national standard, it is also the fastest time for any December since 2020.





Mean Response Time for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date

19th slowest

Change from Nov 2024

2 secs slower

Change from Dec 2023

4 secs faster

90th Centile Response Time for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

19st slowest

Change from Nov 2024

3 secs slower

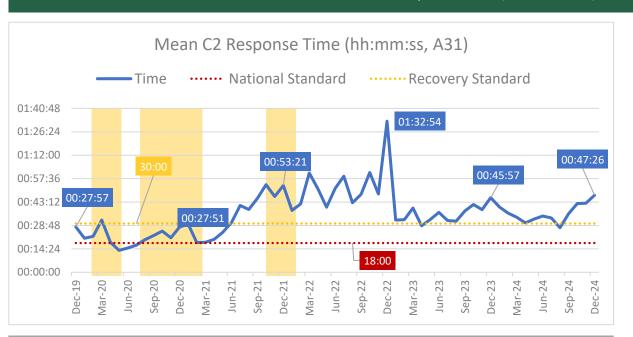
Change from Dec 2023

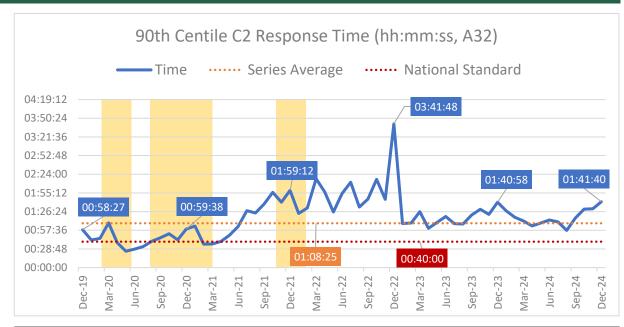
1 sec faster

21. Demand: Category-2 Response Times (Measures A31 and A32)



Category-2 mean was five-minutes slower than in November at over 47-mintues. This is nearly half-an-hour slower than the national standard (18-minutes) and 17-minutes slower than the recovery standard (30-minutes). The mean has dipped below 30-minutes twice in the last two years.





Mean Response Time for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 11th slowest

Change from Nov 2024

5 mins slower

Change from Dec 2023

1.5 mins slower

90th Centile Response Time for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

11th slowest

Change from Nov 2024

11 mins slower

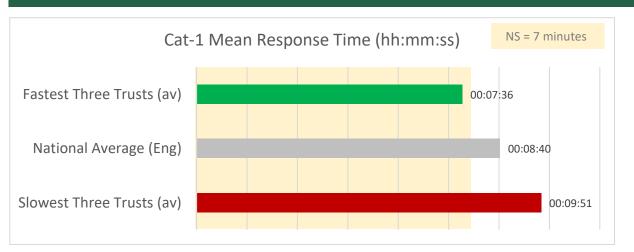
Change from Dec 2023

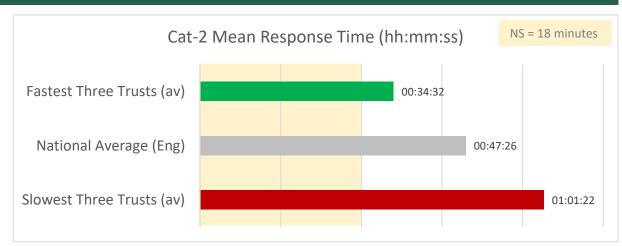
42 secs slower

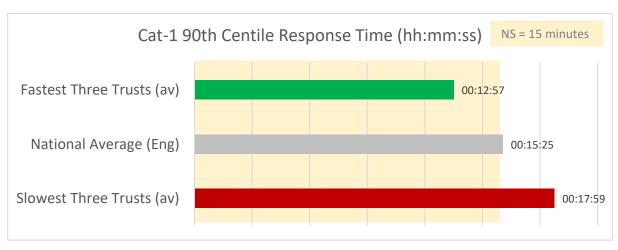
22. Category-1 and Category-2 Response Time, Range - December 2024

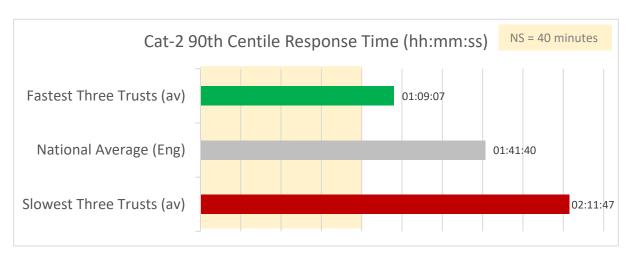


For Category-1 mean, the difference between the fastest and slowest trusts is around two-minutes. For Category-2 the difference is over 26-minutes. For the 90th centile times the differences are five-minutes and over one-hour respectively.







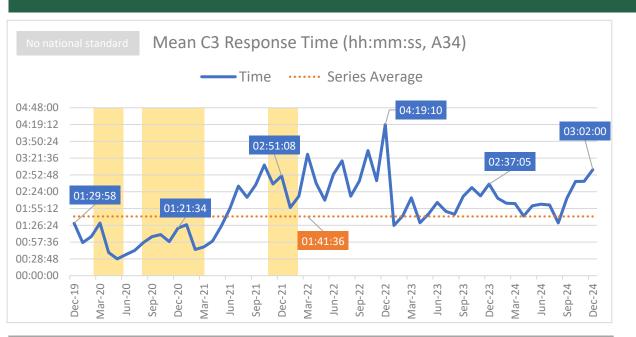


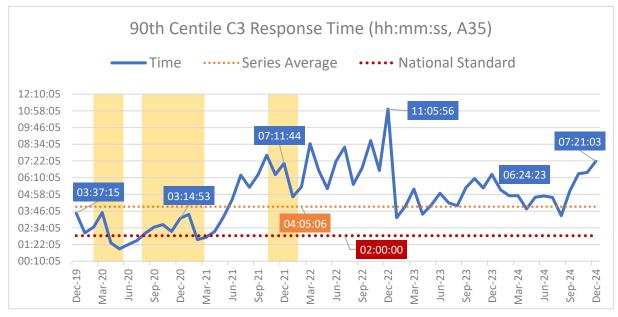
Notes: Fastest/ slowest shows the average share of incidents from the fastest three, and slowest three trusts in England for each category. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.

23. Demand: Category-3 Response Times (Measures A34 and A35)



For Category-3, the mean slowed by 20-minutes to exceed three-hours, the sixth slowest time to-date. The 90th slowed by nearly 50-minutes to well over seven-hours, the seventh slowest time to-date.





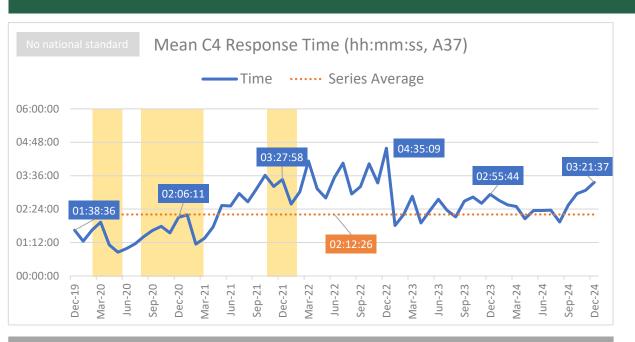
Rank in series to-date Change from Nov 2024 Change from Dec 2023 25 mins slower

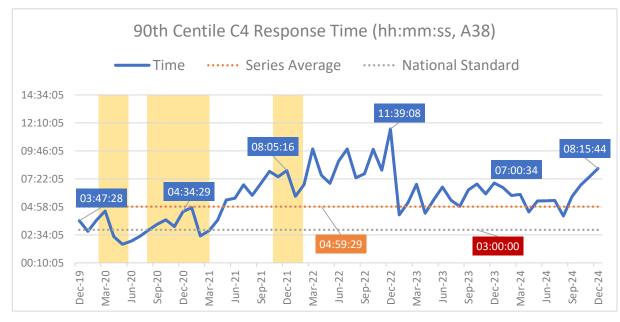


24. Demand: Category-4 Response Times (Measures A37 and A38)



Both Category-4 response times slowed, with both with in the ten slowest months on record. The mean exceeded three-hours, and the 90th centile eight-hours for the first time since December 2022.





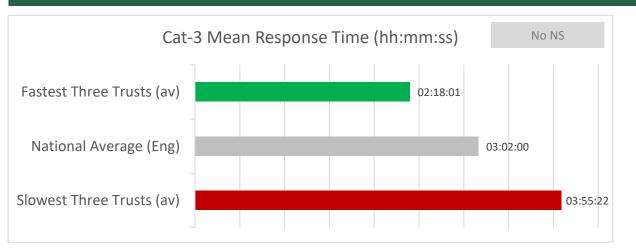
Rank in series to-date 8th slowest Change from Nov 2024 To mins slower Change from Dec 2023 26 min slower

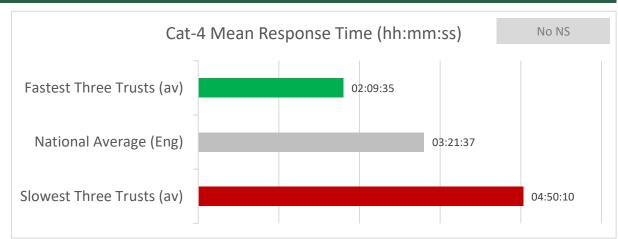


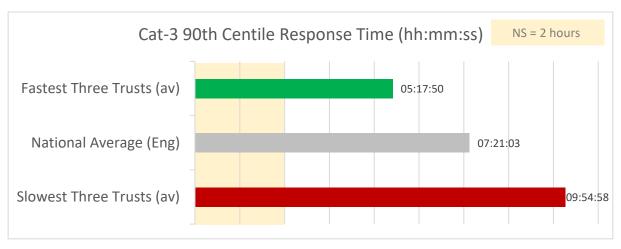
25. Category-3 and Category-4 Response Time, Range - December 2024

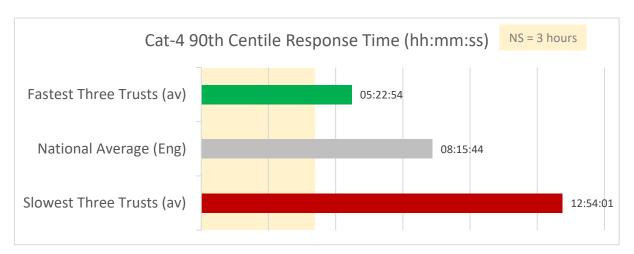


For Category-3 mean, the difference between the fastest and slowest trusts is over 90-minutes. For Category-4 the difference is well over two-hours. For the 90th centile times the differences are well over four-hours and well over seven-hours respectively.







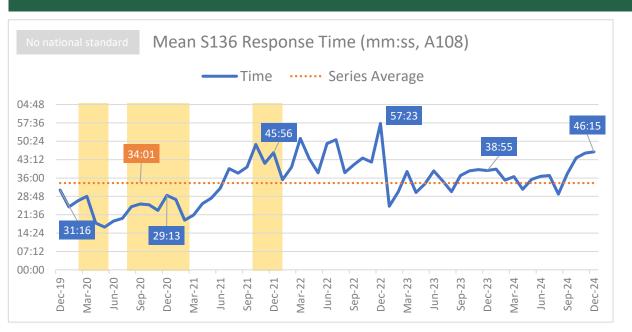


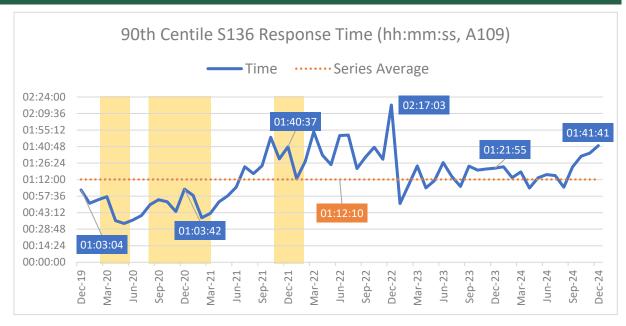
Notes: Fastest/ slowest shows the average share of incidents from the fastest three, and slowest three trusts in England for each category. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.

26. Demand: Section 136 Response Times (Measures A108 and A109)



Section 136 times followed the broad trends seen above, with the mean increasing by nearly half-an-hour to exceed 46-minutes. The mean has a strong, positive correlation with the mean for all other incident categories, with Category-2 having correlation coefficient of +0.9.





Rank in series to-date Change from Nov 2024 Change from Dec 2023 7 mins slower





Section 3

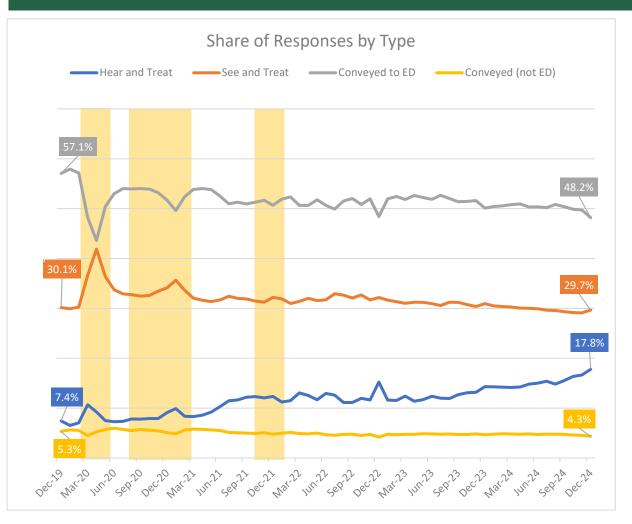
Incidents by Response Outcome

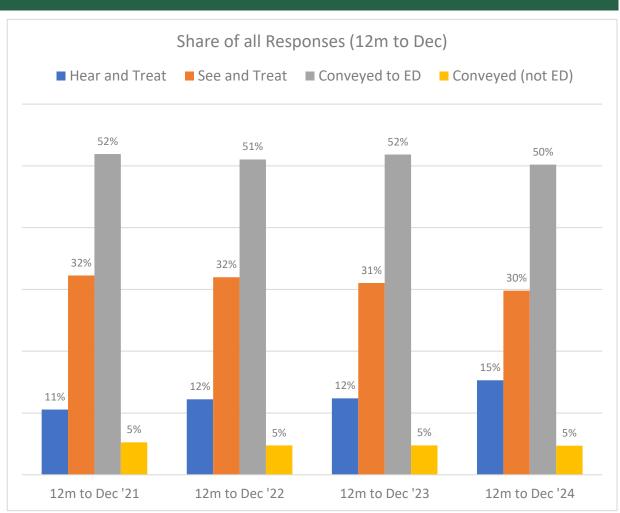
- Share of Response Outcomes
- Share of Responses, Range
- Hear and Treat
- Hear and Treat Outcomes
- Face to Face
- See and Treat
- <u>Incidents with Transport to ED</u>
- Incidents not with Transport to Destination other than ED

28. Share of Response Outcomes



Continuing the trend seen in previous months, the proportion of incidents Conveyed-to-an-Emergency-Department decreased (to the lowest percentage to-date) while Hear-and-Treat responses increased (to the highest percentage to-date).

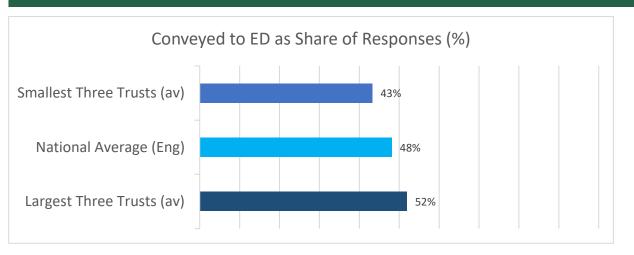


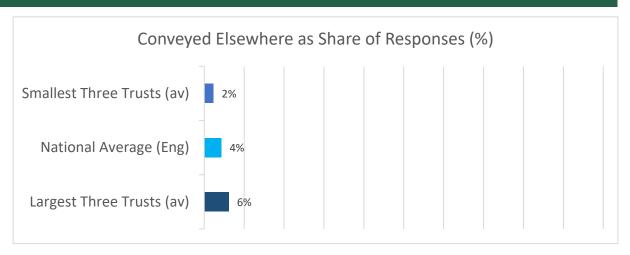


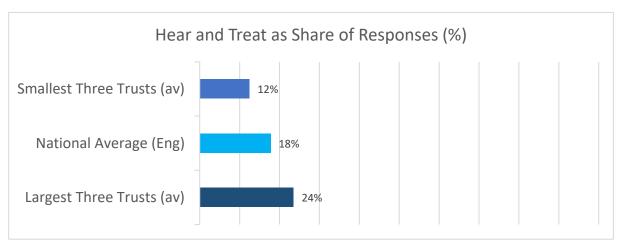
29. Share of Response Outcomes, Range - December 2024

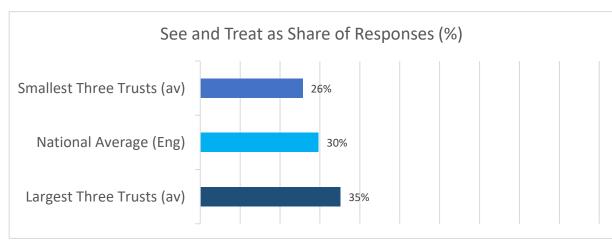


Share of outcomes continues to vary across trusts. The greatest difference in terms of count of percentage points being Hear-and-Treat (eleven percentage points), then See-and-Treat and Conveyance to Emergency Departments (both nine percentage points). This is consistent with November 2024's data.







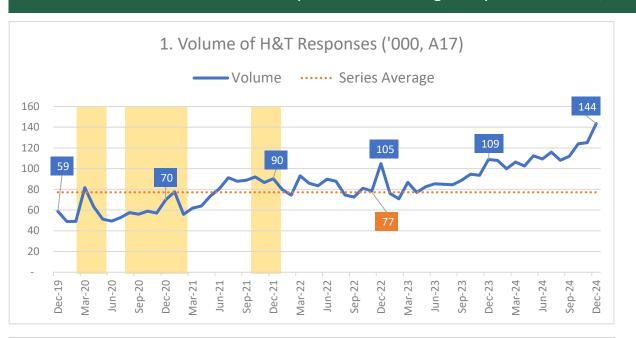


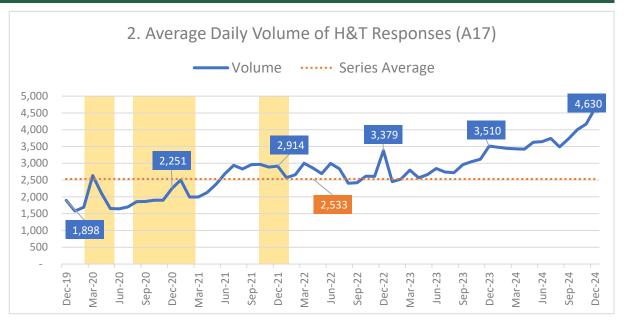
lotes: Largest/smallest shows the average share of responses from the largest three, and smallest three trusts in England for each category. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.

30. Hear and Treat (measure A17)



Hear-and-Treat responses reached 144-thousand across December. This is, once again, the highest volume to-date and exceeds December 2023 by 35-thousand responses. The average daily volume was 4,630 – over a thousand more than December 2023.





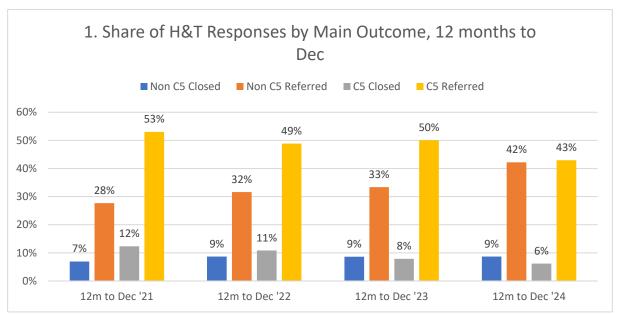
Rank in series to-date 1st highest Change from Nov 2024 +18 thousand Change from Dec 2023 +35 thousand



31. Hear and Treat Outcomes (measures A17, A18, A19, A21, A22, A23)

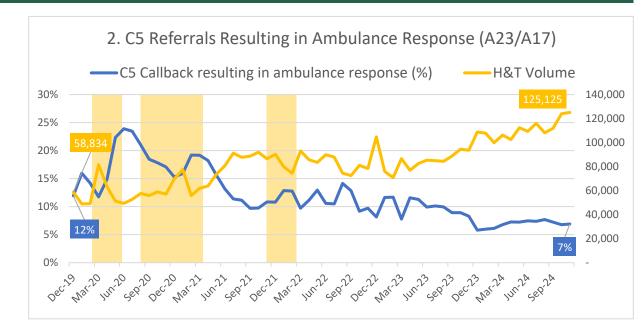


The 12-months to December 2024 saw 43% of H&T responses accounted for by Category-5 patients referred to another service. Seven-percent of all H&T responses were recoded following clinical call-back and resulted in an ambulance response: this compares with 12-percent in December 2020.





Yellow areas show COVID waves in the UK: source ONS.



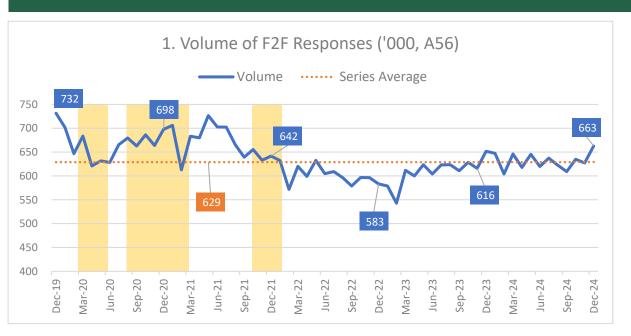
Definitions (colours relate to trend lines in above charts).

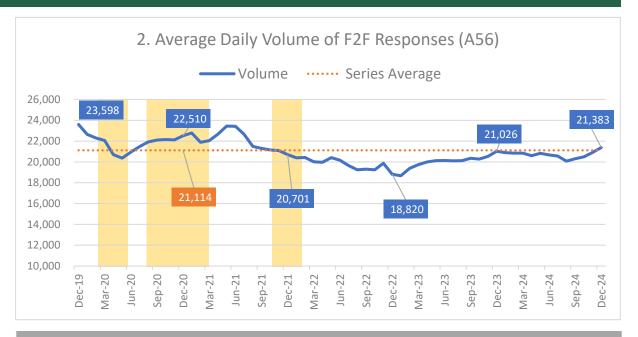
- Non C5 Closed (A18) = Initially coded as C1 to C4 (non C5), but closed following clinical assessment/ validation/ home management advice and not requiring onward referral.
- Non C5 Referred (A19) = Initially coded as C1 to C4 (non C5), and onward treatment path agreed with the patient referred to other service following clinical assessment/ validation.
- **C5 Closed (A21)** = C5 incidents where patients given specific home management advice regarding their condition, and did not requiring any onward referral.
- **C5 Referred (A22)** = C5 incidents were onward treatment path to other service agreed with patient.
- **C5 Callback... (A23)** = Originally coded C5, but call back from clinicians determines ambulance response needed, and recoded as C1 to C4.

32. Face to Face (F2F, measure A56)



The average daily volume of Face-to-Face responses increased for the fifth consecutive month. Across the month there were 11-thousand more responses of this type compared with December 2023.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 27th highest Change from Nov 2024

+36 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+11 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

27th highest

Change from Nov 2024

+476 responses

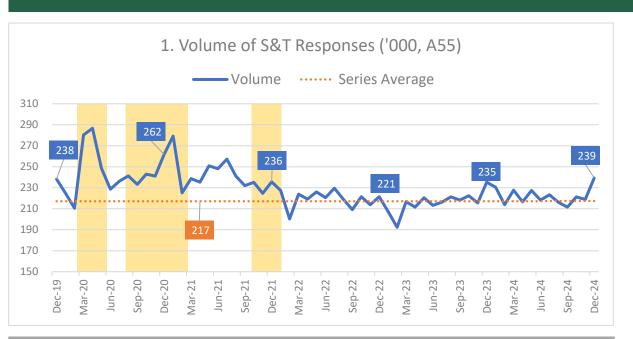
Change from Dec 2023

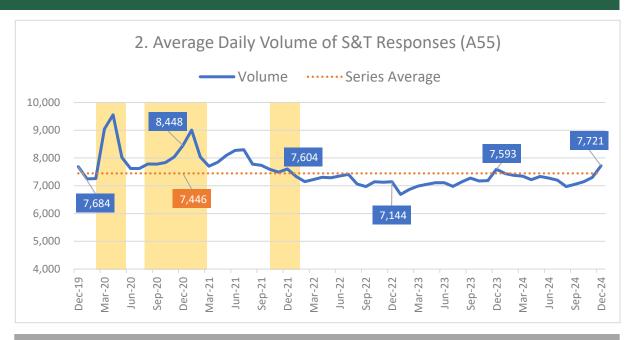
+357 responses

33. See and Treat (measure A55)



See-and-Treat responses increased by 20-thousand from November 2024 to reach 239-thousand – the greatest volume for any December since 2020. The average daily volume increasing by 424 responses.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 13th highest Change from Nov 2024

+20 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+4 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

17th highest

Change from Nov 2024

+424 responses

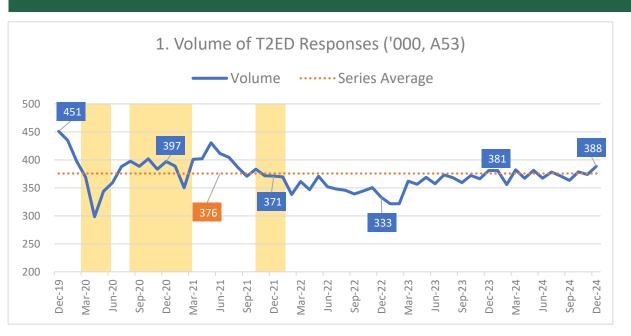
Change from Dec 2023

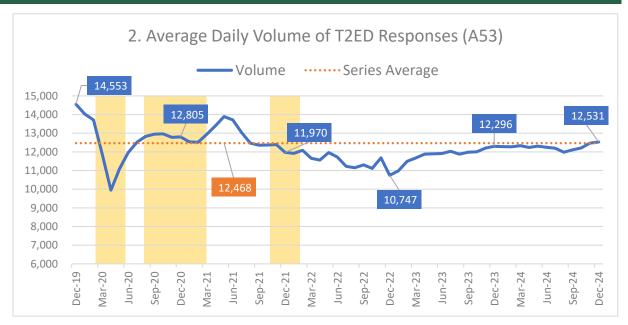
+128 responses

34. Conveyed/ Transported to Emergency Departments (T2ED) (measure A53)



There were seven-thousand more A53 responses in Dec 2024 compared with Dec 2023, and the average daily volume increased for the fourth consecutive month. However, while volume increased, the share of responses this represents decreased to the lowest level to date (48-percent, see page 28).





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date

34th highest

Change from Nov 2024

+14 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+7 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

37th highest

Change from Nov 2024

+62 responses

Change from Dec 2023

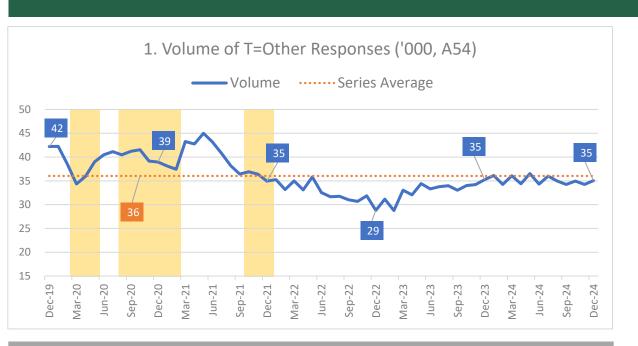
+235 responses

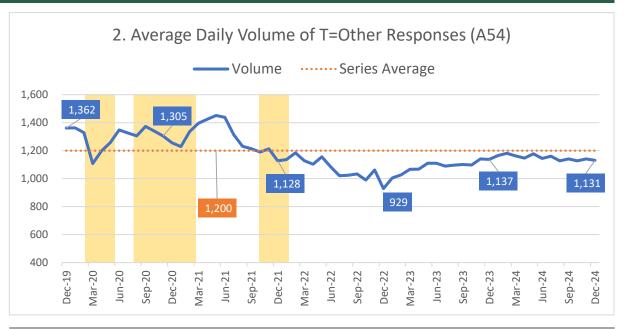


35. Conveyed/ Transported to Destination other than ED (T=Other) (measure A54)



Conveyance "Elsewhere" saw a slight increase in monthly volume, but this represents a decrease by an average of 11-incidents each day (to 1,131).





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 53rd highest Change from Nov 2024

+1 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

-198 responses

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

60th highest

Change from Nov 2024

-11 responses

Change from Dec 2023

-6 responses



Section 4

Turnaround Times and Patient Handover Delays

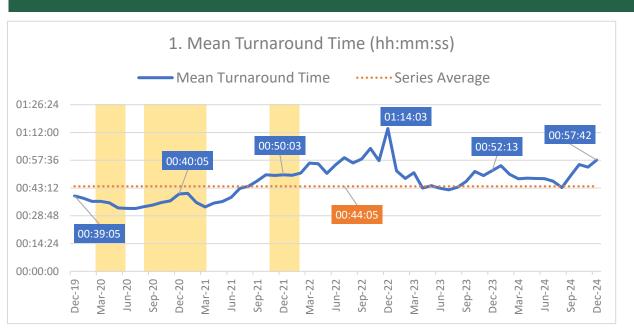
- Average Turnaround and Time to Clear
- Average Handover Times
- Handover Delays, Range
- Handover Delays Over 15 Minutes
- Handover Delays Over 30 Minutes
- Handover Delays Over 60 Minutes
- Handover Delays Over 120 Minutes

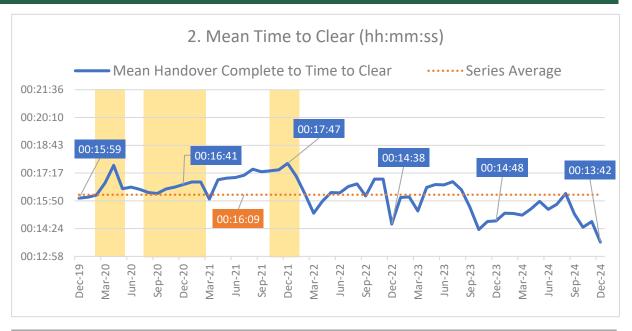
- Handovers Longer Than Three Hours
- <u>Impact on Patients and Crew</u>

37. Mean Turnaround and Time-to-Clear* (source, NAIG) NEW



Mean turnaround time includes hospital handover time, plus the time taken from the handover being completed, to the crew being clear for the next job. In December, the mean turnaround time was the fifth highest to-date (nearly 58-minutes) while Time-to-Clear was the fastest-to-date.





Rank in series to-date Sth highest Change from Nov 2024 A mins slower Change from Dec 2023 5 mins slower

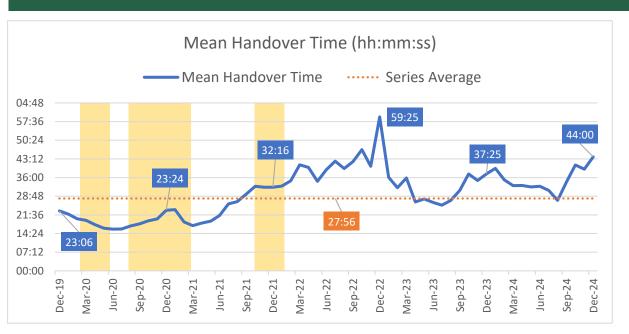


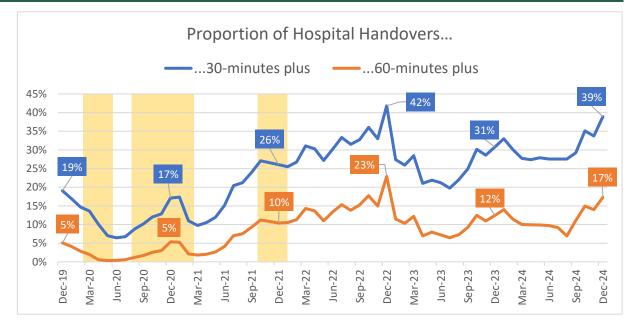
^{* &}quot;Time-to-clear" = "Mean Turnaround Time" less "Mean Handover Time"

38. Average Handover Times and Delays as Proportion of All Handovers (source, NAIG)



At 44-minutes, the mean handover time was the third slowest to-date. The proportion of all hospital handovers exceeding an hour increased three-percentage-points to 17-percent – the highest proportion since December 2022 and the third highest to-date.





Rank in series to-date Change from Nov 2024 Simple series to-date The series of the



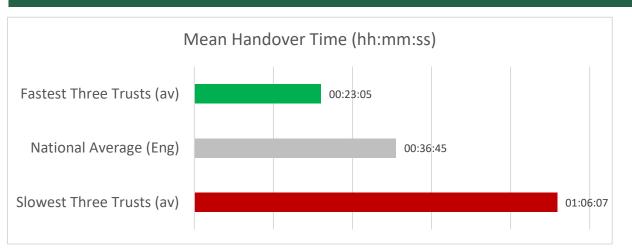
^{* &}quot;pp" = "percentage points"

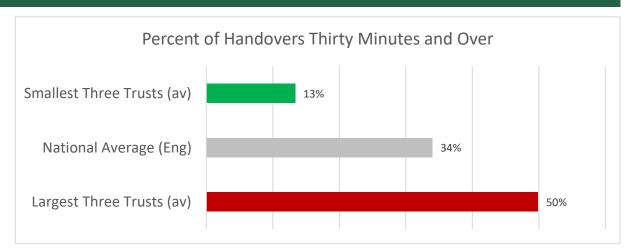
Yellow areas show COVID waves in the UK: source ONS.

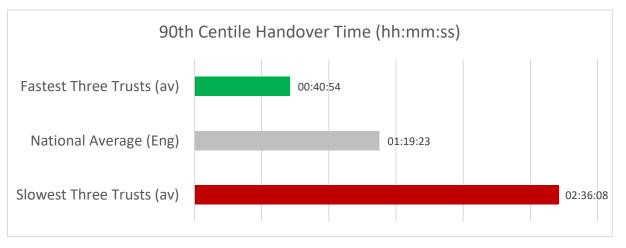
39. Handover Delays, Range - December 2024

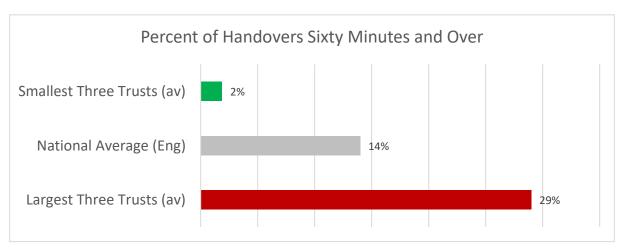


The mean handover time differs by 43-minutes between fastest and slowest trusts, the 90th Centile by nearly two-hours. Similarly, the proportion of handovers taking an hour or longer differs by 27-percent between outlying trusts.







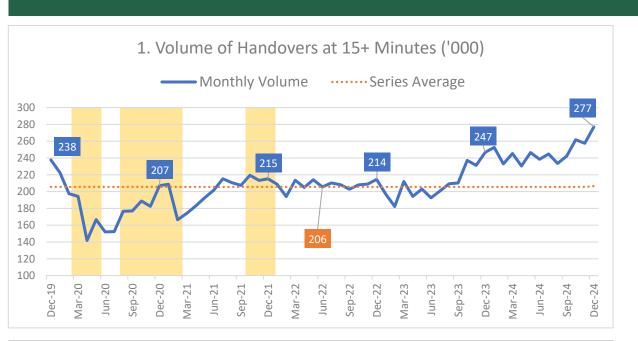


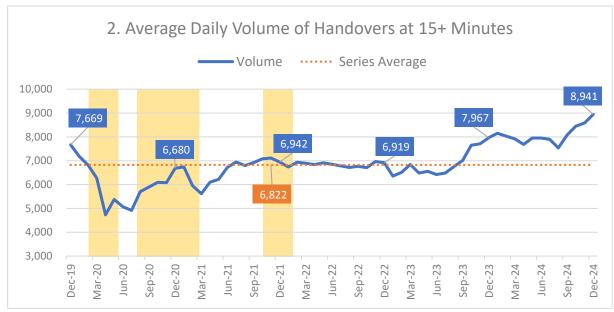
Notes: Largest/smallest shows the average share of handover delays from the largest three, and smallest three trusts in England for each category. Calculation excludes Isle of Wight.

40. Volume of Patient Handover Delays over 15 Minutes (source, NAIG)



There were more handovers exceeding 15-minutes in December 2024 than for any other month on record. This is true for the monthly and average daily figure.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date First

Change from Nov 2024

+20 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+30 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

First

Change from Nov 2024

+358 delays

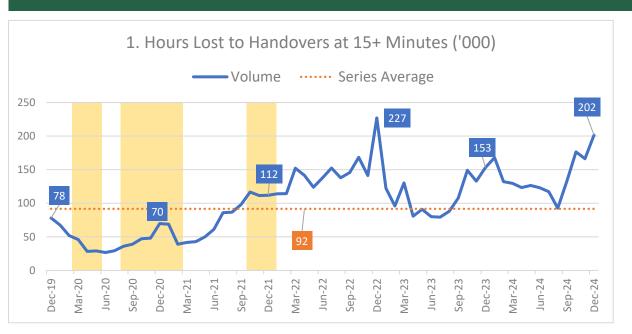
Change from Dec 2023

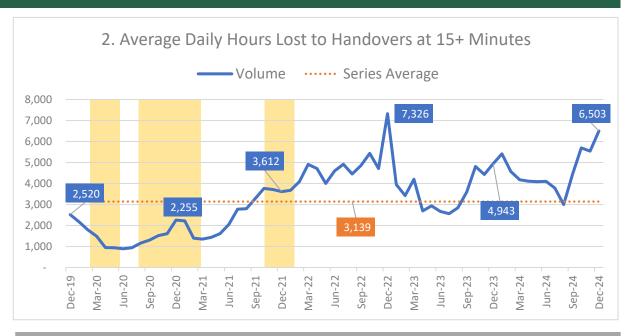
+974 delays

41. Hours Lost to Patient Handover Delays over 15 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Hours lost to handover delays exceeding 15-minutes reached the second highest volume to-date (the highest being December 2022). The 202-thousand hours lost across the month is the equivalent to 23-years worth of time lost.





Monthly Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+35 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+48 thousand

Average Daily Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+1 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

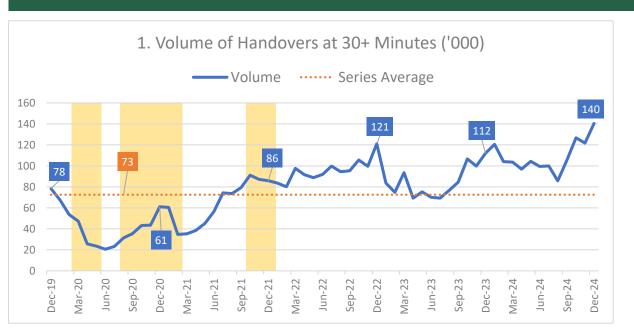
+1.5 thousand

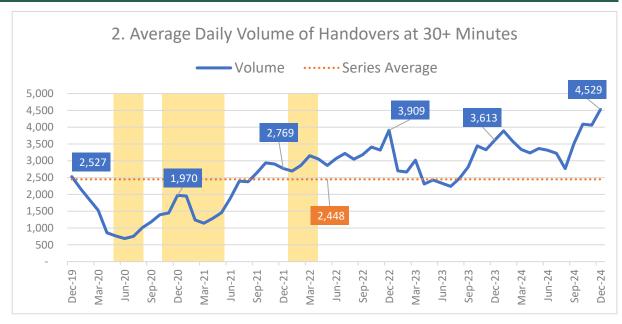
42. Volume of Patient Handover Delays over 30 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Handover delays exceeding thirty minutes reached the highest volume to-date. There were 140-thousand of these delays across the month, an average of 4,529 every day,

+28 thousand





Rank in series to-date Change from Nov 2024 Dec 2023

+17 thousand

Rank in series to-date:

Change from Nov 2024

First

Change from Dec 2023

+470 delays

The delays

Change from Dec 2023

+1 thousand

Yellow areas show COVID waves in the UK: source ONS.

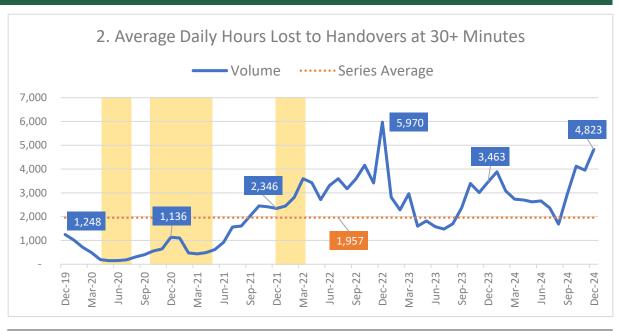
First

43. Hours Lost to Patient Handover Delays over 30 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Hours lost to 30-minute-plus delays reached 150-thousand across the month, the second highest to-date and the equivalent to over 17-years worth of time.





Monthly Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest Change from Nov 2024

+31 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+43 thousand

Average Daily Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+1 thousand

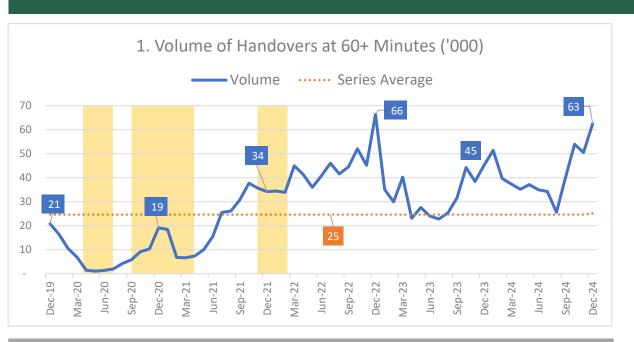
Change from Dec 2023

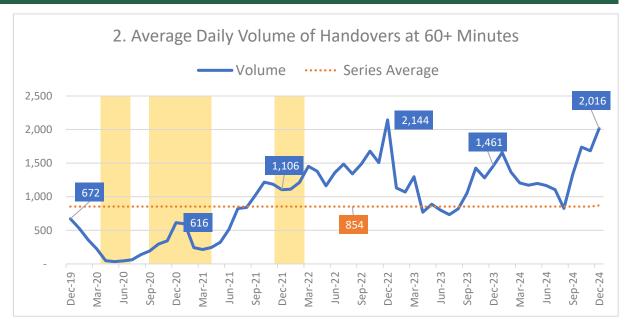
+1 thousand

44. Volume of Patient Handover Delays over 60 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Hour-plus delays increased to reach the second highest on record after December 2022. There were 63-thousand of these delays across the month, compared with 45-thousand in December 2023.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest Change from Nov 2024

+12 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+18 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+332 delays

Change from Dec 2023

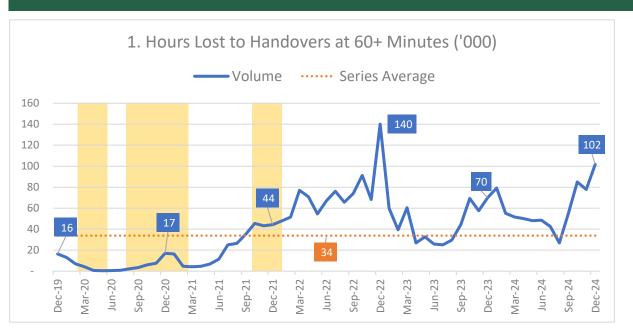
+555 delays

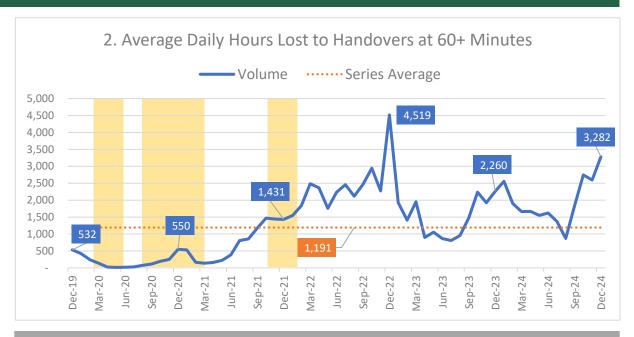


45. Hours Lost to Patient Handover Delays over 60 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Hours lost to hour-plus delays also reached the second highest volume to-date. There were 102-thousand hours lost in December 2024, the equivalent of nearly 12-years worth of time.





Monthly Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest Change from Nov 2024

+24 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+32 thousand

Average Daily Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+687 hours

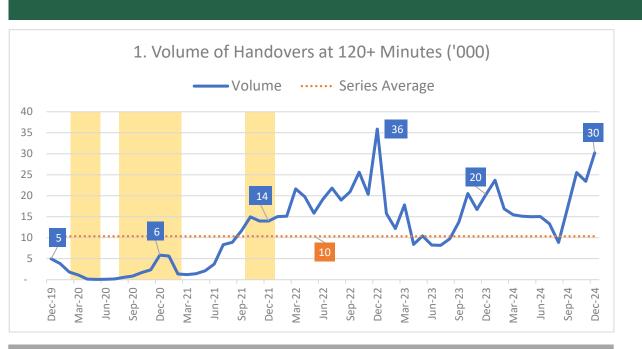
Change from Dec 2023

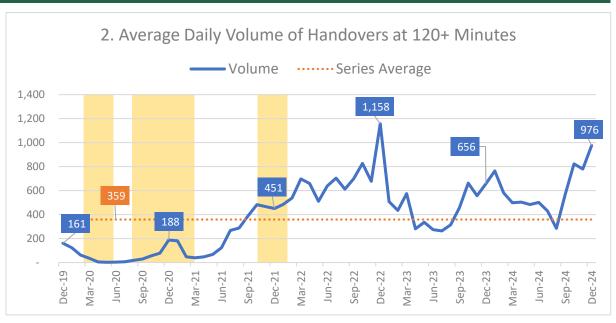
+1 thousand

46. Volume of Patient Handover Delays over 120 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Two-hour-plus delays increased by seven-thousand between November and December reaching 30-thousand, the second highest to-date.





Monthly Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+7 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+10 thousand

Average Daily Volume for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+196 delays

Change from Dec 2023

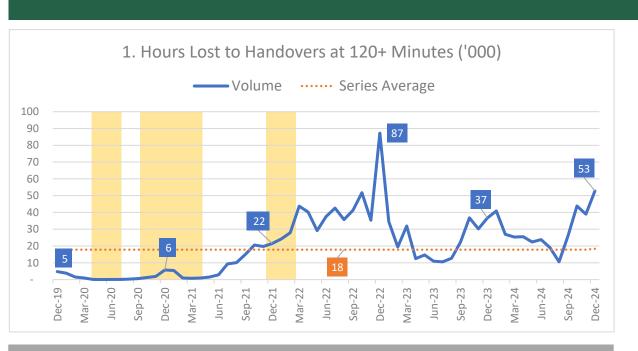
+320 delays

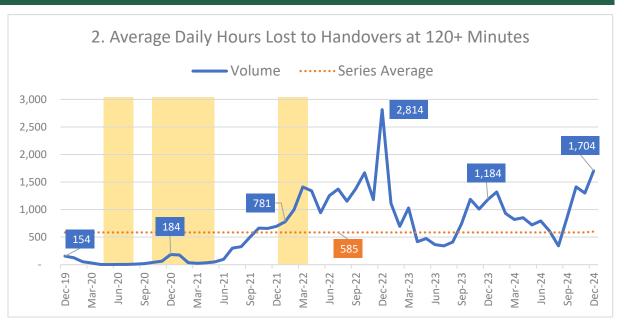


47. Hours Lost to Patient Handover Delays over 120 Minutes (source, NAIG)



Hours lost to two-hour-plus delays reached 53-thousand across the month, the second highest to-date and the equivalent of over six years worth of time.





Monthly Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date 2nd highest Change from Nov 2024

+14 thousand

Change from Dec 2023

+16 thousand

Average Daily Hours Lost for December 2024: Fast Facts

Rank in series to-date:

2nd highest

Change from Nov 2024

+405 hours

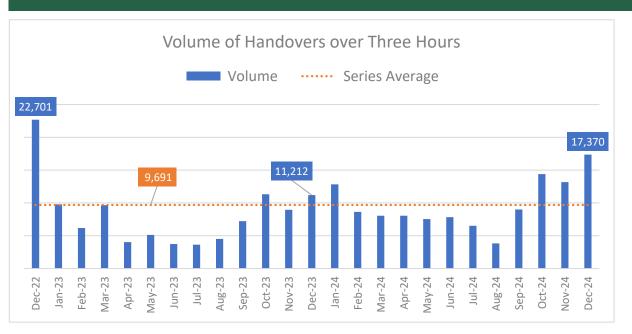
Change from Dec 2023

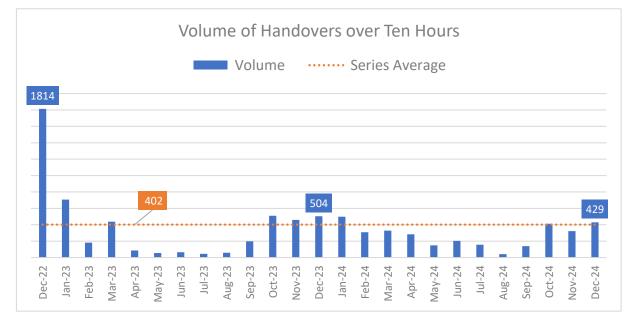
+520 hours

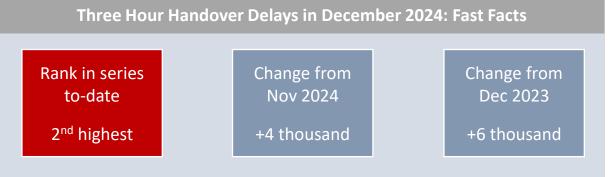
48. Patient Handovers Longer than Three Hours (source, NAIG)



Three-hour-plus delays reached the second highest to-date after December 2022 with over 17-thousand across the month. Ten-hour-plus delays increased to 429 – although this is notably lower than December 2022, and less than December 2023 by 75 handovers.





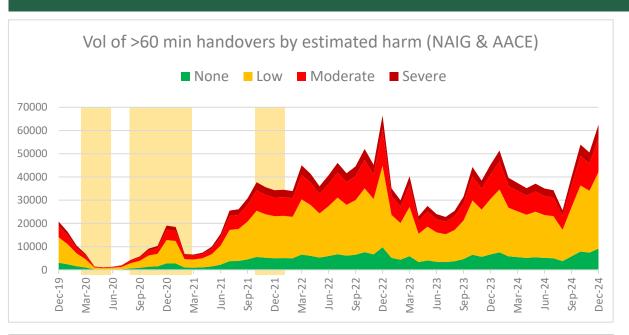


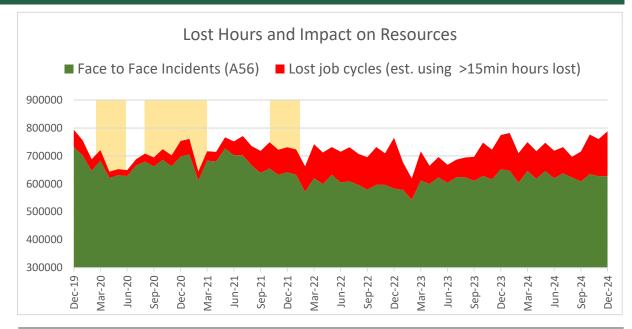


49. Impact on Patients and Crew (source, NAIG, AQI Data and AACE)



Around 53-thousand patients experienced potential harm* as a result of hour-plus delays in December 2024. Over the same time, the sector lost the equivalent of 161-thousand ambulance job cycles (where patients could have been attended): this is broadly the same as 26% of all Face-to-Face responses.





Estimated Harm, December 2024: Fast Facts

Patients experiencing any potential harm 53 thousand

Patients experiencing potential moderate harm

15 thousand

Patients experiencing potential severe harm

6 thousand

Impact on Capacity, December 2024: Fast Facts

Estimated volume of lost job cycles

161 thousand

Est. lost job cycles as a % of F2F responses

Dec '24 = 26%

Est. lost job cycles as a % of F2F responses

Dec'20 = 8%

^{*} For definitions of "harm", please refer to the original report, published by AACE in 2021 Yellow areas show COVID waves in the UK: source ONS.



50. Appendix: How Most Data is Reported in this Document



Most sections in this report follow the same layout, with data presented identically on each page. The main exceptions to this are call-handling and response time data, which focus only on the monthly figure, and the "Range" charts. This page what the most common graphs show, and how they are calculated.

Monthly Data

- This box shows a line graph displaying the data at monthly level, monthby-month. These main data are displayed as a blue line.
- The value for the most recent month, and every previous instance of that month in the chart, the line graph includes a dotted orange line, which represents the series-average, with a linked data-label showing the value for this line.
- National standards, for response times, are included as a dotted red line, with the national standard displayed in yellow text in a red data label
- Call-handling and response time data is <u>only</u> displayed in this way

Fast Facts

This box generally shows how the latest month ranks against all months since January 2018

This box generally shows any change between the previous, and most recent month

This box generally shows any change between the most recent month, and the same month 12-months ago

Yellow areas always show COVID waves in the UK: source ONS.

Average Daily Data

- This box shows a line graph displaying the average daily volume: this is calculated by dividing the metric by the days in the month. This smooths out the steeper changes sometimes seen in monthly data due to the difference in month length (for example February to March).
- As with the monthly data, the average daily figures use blue lines to show the main trend, orange to show the series-average, and red to show any national standards
- Data labels again show relevant values, as highlighted in the "Monthly Data" section
- Call-handling and response time data is <u>not</u> displayed in this way

"Annualized Data" – 12 months to... (not included this month)

- This shows a bar chart with the total figure for 12-months, ending with the most recent month
- Four 12-month periods are included
- Two grey arrows show the percentage change between the last three periods (e.g. most previous-to-most recent, and, two-years previous-to-most-recent)
- Call-handling and response time data is not displayed in this way